Christian Doctrine Jesus Christ (Part 4) Sinlessness and Temptation

The Sinlessness of Christ

A major difference between Jesus Christ and the rest of humanity was the fact that He alone was sinless.

- ➤ Jesus was completely <u>innocent</u> of sin (II Cor. 5:21).
 - His enemies could find no fault in Him (John 8:46; Matt. 22:15).
 - He <u>testified</u> of His sinlessness, and said that everything He did <u>pleased</u> the Father (John 8:29; 15:10).
 - Even at His crucifixion, He was found <u>innocent</u> multiple times (Matt. 27:24; John 18:38; 19:4, 6; etc.).
 - Scriptures clearly state that He "knew no sin" (II Cor. 5:21; I Pet. 2:22; I John 3:5; Heb. 4:15; 7:26).
 - He was truly a "lamb without <u>blemish</u> or <u>spot</u>" (I Pet. 1:19).
- The significance of Christ's sinlessness:
 - He was morally, ethically <u>perfect</u>. He succeeded where we failed. He did what we could not do.
 - While in our guilt, He became the perfect, innocent sacrifice who could take away our sin (I Pet. 3:18).

The Temptation of Christ

Jesus Christ was sinless, but yet He was not excluded from testing. He experienced temptation, just as everyone does.

- ➤ He faced temptation (Heb. 2:18; Luke 4:1-13).
 - His temptations were <u>real</u>. He was tested just as we are tested, yet He did not sin (Heb. 4:15).
 - He was tested in ways that appeal to human <u>nature</u>: lust of the eyes, lust of the flesh, and the pride of life (compare I John 2:16 with Matt 4:1-11).

*Could Jesus have sinned? The fact that Jesus did not have a sin nature (being born of a virgin), and the fact that in His deity sin would not appeal to Him (James 1:13), strongly suggests that He could not have sinned.

- ➤ The purpose of His testing:
 - To <u>relate</u> to us as we experience testing (Heb. 4:15).
 - To show us how to be <u>victorious</u> (I Pet. 1:16).
 - To offer us grace and strength (Heb. 2:18; 4:16).