

Christian Doctrine God (Part 10) Attributes: What Is He Like?

God Is Holy

➤ What Does This Mean?

- God is absolutely holy. He is totally separate from all that is unholy, evil or sinful.
- God is absolutely pure, which sets Him apart from all others.

➤ Where Do We See This in Scripture?

- “Holy, holy, holy is the Lord God Almighty” (Rev. 4:8; note Is. 6:3).
- Hannah recognized that “There is none holy like the Lord” (I Sam. 2:2).
- God’s holiness separates Him from all others: “To whom then will you compare me, that I should be like Him? says the Holy One” (Is. 40:25).
- God eyes are too pure to look on evil (Hab. 1:13).
- The Old Testament emphasizes God’s holiness. The tabernacle and temple with the holy and most holy places (Ex. 26:33; I Kings 6:16, 19), the offerings (Lev. 1-7), the priesthood in its function as a mediator (Lev. 8-10), the laws about impurity (Lev. 11-15), (etc.) all exhibit God’s holiness.

➤ What Does This Mean for Me?

- ⇒ Sin has separated us from our holy God (Is. 59:2; Hab. 1:13). However, Christ’s death on the cross has made redemption possible. Faith in Christ removes our sin, by which we can now approach God (Rom. 5:6-8; II Cor. 5:21; Eph. 2:1-9, 18).
- ⇒ We should approach God in reverence and awe (Heb. 12:28). A correct view of the holiness of God will give us a proper view of sin in our own lives, as well as a desire to be holy like Him (Ps. 139:23-24; I Pet. 1:15).

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